

RD196

NISSAN C200K, 31 SPLINE

AIR OPERATED
LOCKING DIFFERENTIAL
INSTALLATION GUIDE

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IMPORTANT:

BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO DISMANTLE YOUR VEHICLE FOR THIS INSTALLATION, PLEASE READ THIS INSTALLATION GUIDE IN ITS ENTIRETY, AS WELL AS ALL APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF YOUR VEHICLE MANUFACTURER'S SERVICE MANUAL.

1.1 Pre-Installation Preparation

This booklet is to be used in conjunction with your vehicle manufacturer's service manual. ARB endeavors to account for every possible variation in vehicle model when publishing its installation guides, and guides are updated regularly as new model information becomes available, however, the rapid and globally varied release of some vehicles makes it difficult to insure that your vehicle model has been accurately accounted for. In the case of any technical discrepancies between this guide and your service manual, we strongly advise that you adhere to the specifications and techniques as documented in your service manual.

Although your *ARB Air Locker* comes complete with all the step by step instructions you will need to supplement your vehicle manufacturer's service manual and install your new differential, ARB recommends that you have your *Air Locker* installed by a trained professional. Many ARB distributors around the world have been fully instructed in *Air Locker* installations by ARB, and have gained a wealth of experience and skill from years of performing similar installations.

Once you begin this installation your vehicle will be immobile until all steps of the installation are complete. Make sure your *Air Locker* kit is the correct model for your vehicle and that it contains all of the parts listed on back cover of this booklet. Also be sure you have appropriately equipped yourself with all the necessary tools, parts, and materials to complete this installation (see section 1.2 *Tool-Kit Recommendations*), and that you have allowed for an appropriate amount of vehicle down time.

HINT: Place a ✓ mark inside each of the ☐ symbols as you complete each step. It is very important NOT to miss any of the steps!



1.2 Tool-Kit Recommendations

Below is a list of tools and supplies you may need to complete this installation. Requirements for your vehicle may vary. Please consult your vehicle service manual for additional recommendations.

1.2.1 10015
Standard automotive sizes (metric and/or imperial) of sockets, wrenches, Alan keys, and drills.
A dial indicator or other suitable measuring tool for checking ring & pinion backlash.
A standard automotive feeler gauge.
A razor knife to cut the nylon tubing.
A differential housing spreader, to facilitate removal of the carrier. (not required on aluminum housings)
A torque wrench. (See vehicle service manual for required torque range.)
A lubricant drain reservoir.
Suitable measuring tools to measure a differential for pre-load and/or backlash shimming. (See Section 3.3)
A 11.2mm [7/16"] drill and ¼" NPT tap for bulkhead fitting installation.
An automotive bearing puller (2 jawed is recommended) or a differential carrier bearing puller.
A bearing press or arbor press.
1.2.2 Supplies
☐ Thread lubricant/sealant compound for pressure fittings (e.g., LOCTITE #567 Teflon paste)
☐ Thread locking compound (e.g., LOCTITE #272)
Either a replacement gasket, or gasket sealant, for your differential cover.
A sufficient volume of differential oil to completely refill your housing. (see the ARB Air Locker Operating and Service Manual for recommended lubricants)
A soap and water mixture to test for air leaks.
☐ Teflon paste.
Replacement oil seal from Nissan for the long axle tube.



1.3 Assembly Type Identification

IMPORTANT:

Sections 2 and 3 of this installation guide have been written to accommodate two different Nissan C200K applications:

- A the Independent Front Suspension (IFS) type. (Refer to Fig.1.)
- B the live axle Salisbury type. (Refer to Fig.2.)

To eliminate confusion, you should identify which figure your vehicle matches with. The section numbers within the guide that refer ONLY to the IFS type have been suffixed with an 'A', and those that refer ONLY to the live axle type have been suffixed with a 'B'.

PLEASE IGNORE ALL SECTIONS WHICH DO NOT APPLY TO YOUR APPLICATION







2.1 Vehicle Support
☐ Safely secure the vehicle on a hoist. We recommend supporting the vehicle on a chassis hoist to keep the differential area at a convenient working height and to leave the wheels and axles free to be rotated and removed.
Once supported off the ground, release the parking brake and leave the vehicle in neutral. Chock the wheels if necessary.
2.2 Differential Fluid Drain
HINT: This is a good time to check for metal particles in your oil, on your drain plug, or in the bottom of the housing which may indicate a worn bearing or differential component. 2.2.1 A IFS Fluid Drain
 Remove any skid plates covering the bottom of the front axle area and position a fluid drain reservoir under the differential. Remove the threaded drain plug and completely drain all differential oil from the housing. Finger-tighten the drain plug back in to prevent drips during the removal of the axle assembly.
2.2.2 B Live Axle Fluid Drain
 Clean any loose dirt from around the differential cover flange area, the filler plug area, and the drain plug (if any) to avoid contaminating the differential cavity with abrasive particles. Position a fluid drain reservoir under the differential. If a drain plug exists, remove it and completely drain all differential oil from the housing. If no drain plug exists then the oil can be drained by loosening the cover bolts and gently prying the cover away at the bottom until oil runs out.
HINT: If a drain plug does not exist then it would be a good idea to drill and tap for a tapered oil drain plug to assist with future oil changes.
Once drained, remove the differential cover plate.



2.3 Disc	connecting the Axles
2.3.1 A	IFS CV Shafts
	e the wheels, brakes and CV shafts according to your manufacturer's service manual.
NOTE:	The oil seals are delicate and can be easily damaged. Support the weight of the CV shaft when drawing them out of their sockets in the housing.
Comple	hect the drive shaft from the differential drive flange. Etely remove the differential assembly from the vehicle. The differential assembly to a work bench. The the front access cover plate. Live Axle
have resu of the a different	IMPORTANT: damage or heavy off-road use of your vehicle in the past may lited in some degree of bending in the axle. Any misalignment xle tubes may result in excessive wear and/or failure of your ial and axle shafts. ARB strongly recommends that you have assembly inspected for concentricity and straightness before installing your Air Locker.
manufa □ Remov	e the wheels, and brakes according to your vehicle cturer's service manual. e both axle shafts according to your vehicle manufacturer's manual.
NOTE:	The axle oil seals are delicate and can be easily damaged. Support the weight of the axle shaft when drawing them out of their sockets in the housing.



2.4 Marking the Bearing Caps

☐ Using a pointed center punch, gently mark the bearing caps in a way that will enable you to know which cap is 'LEFT' and which cap is 'RIGHT', which way is 'UP' and which way is 'DOWN'. (Fig.3.)

HINT:

Many installers choose to make one punch mark on the left hand side of the left hand bearing cap and one similar punch mark on the housing at close proximity to the cap mark. The right hand side is then designated with two punch marks on the right hand side of the cap and two similar punch marks on the housing.



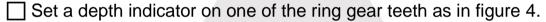


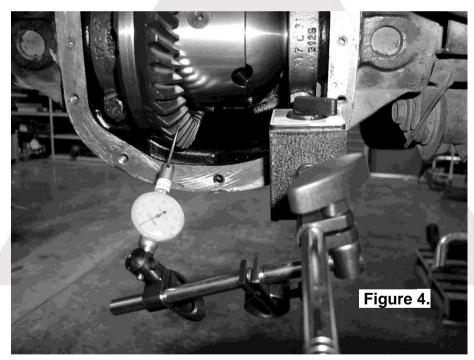
Checking the Current Backlash Amount 2.5

IMPORTANT:

This step is a precautionary measure recommended by ARB due to the fact that some after market ring and pinion sets have been manufactured to run with different backlash settings than those specified by your vehicle manufacturer. Although ARB must recommend you set backlash according to your service manual guidelines, we also advise that you compare the backlash measurements taken here to the recommended backlash settings in your vehicle service manual. Measurements found to be outside of your service manual recommendations may indicate the need to deviate from those settings in order to achieve quiet running with a good contact mark.

Refer to your vehicle service manual or your local authorized ARB installer for more information.





While supporting the pinion gear by holding the drive shaft flange,
rotate the differential in both directions while observing the
maximum variation in depth from the indicator (i.e., the highest
value minus the lowest value). This value is referred to as the ring and pinion backlash.
☐ Rotate the differential center 90° and measure again for accuracy

ifferential center 90° and measure again for acc

Record the average of all measurements.



2.6 Removing the Differential Center

IMPORTANT:

YOU MUST SPREAD THE HOUSING ON CAST IRON MODELS

Spreading the differential housing with a differential case spreader is a step which is critical to set up bearing pre-load on cast iron differential housings. Improper pre-load will result in undue bearing wear, increased stresses in the differential center, increased running noise, and ultimately, ring and pinion gear damage.

2.6.1 A IFS Diff Removal

Remove the oil seal at the end of the long axle tube (Fig. 5.).

NOTE: A new oil seal MUST be obtained from Nissan before the diff is re-assembled.



Remove the circlip that holds the long axle shaft in place,	and
remove the long axle shaft from the housing.	

Remove both bearing caps.

Carefully spread the housing (Fig.6.) enough to remove the differential center. (Refer to your vehicle's service manual).

NOTE: Do not spread the housing more than 0.50mm [0.020"].

HINT: Be sure not to mix up the left and right hand bearing cups. Later it will be necessary to know which cup came from which side.



2 Removing the Existing Differential
Once the housing has been adequately spread, the differential may be removed by pulling forward on the differential carrier.
NOTE: The differential center is heavy and quite difficult to handle when covered in oil. Take care not to drop it.
Relieve any tension on the spreader immediately after the differential has been removed.



2.3.2 B Live Axle

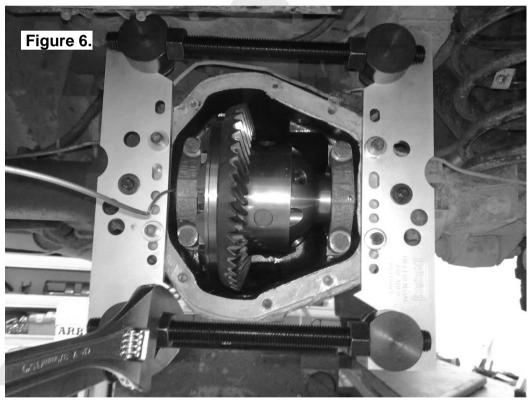
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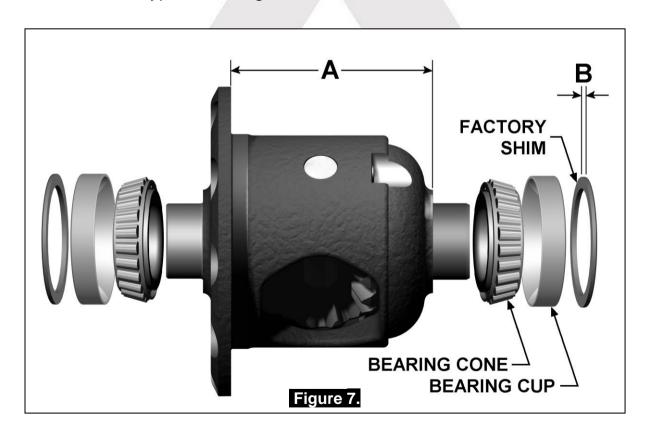


3.1 Approximate Backlash Shimming

In order to reproduce a similar pre-load and ring and pinion backlash in your *Air Locker* to that of your original differential, measurements need to be taken so that a shim thickness can be calculated.
Secure the original differential to a work bench.
Remove the bolts that hold the ring gear in place.
Using a plastic or copper hammer, tap in a circle around the ring gear to separate it from the differential carrier.
Remove the original bearings and shims from the differential center using a bearing puller.

NOTE: Keep the bearings and shims separated so that they can be identified as to which end of the differential they came from.

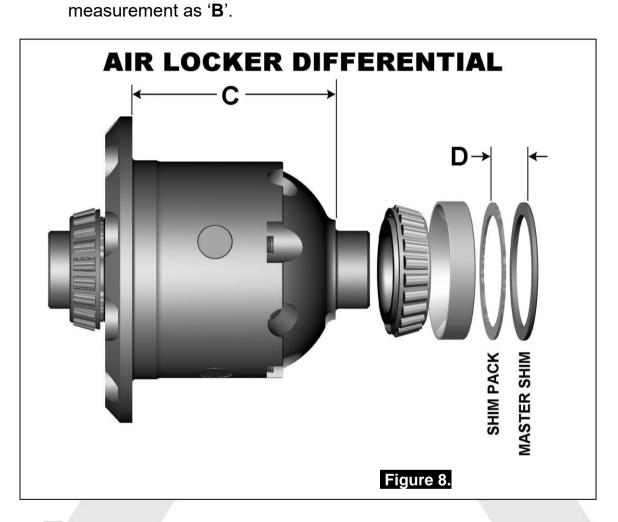
Examine the bearing cups and cones from Figure 7. for damage or wear and, if necessary, discard them and replace with the same size and type of bearings.





3 Bench Measurement

Using a caliper or similarly accurate measurement method (i.e., able to take accurate measurements within 0.04mm [0 measure the distance from the shoulder of the bearing journ the ring gear mounting face (shown as 'A' in Fig.7.) and rec measurement as 'A'.	nal to
☐ Measure the thickness of the factory shim removed from the	
the differential carrier (shown as 'B' in Fig.7.) and record thi	S



☐ Measure the distance from the *Air Locker* bearing shoulder to the ring gear mounting face (shown as 'C' in Fig.8.) and record this measurement as 'C'.



3.2 Calculation & Selection of Shims

Ideally, the measurement you recorded as 'C' from the *Air Locker* differential will closely match 'A' on the existing differential (within 0.1mm [0.004"]) and then the factory shim can be reused, however, quite often these measurements will vary slightly between one factory differential and the next.

If this is the case you must create a new shim pack thickness by using the measurements you recorded earlier to find a desired measurement for '**D**' in Figure 8.

Use the following calculation:

$$A + B - C = D$$
 (Replacement Shim Pack)

HINT:

If your calculations are correct then the following equation will also be true:

$$A + B - C - D = ZERO$$

☐ Create a shim pack to match the thickness calculated as 'D'.

To achieve the desired shim thickness you can:

- Machine down the factory shim thickness.
- Add shims between the factory shim and the bearing cup.

HINT: A selection of shims of this size have been supplied with your *Air Locker* kit.

- Purchase new factory shims at the desired thickness.
- Use a universal shim kit available from most drive train specialists.
- Add small amounts of shim between the bearing cone and the bearing seat.

NOTE: <u>NEVER</u> machine the *Air Locker*.

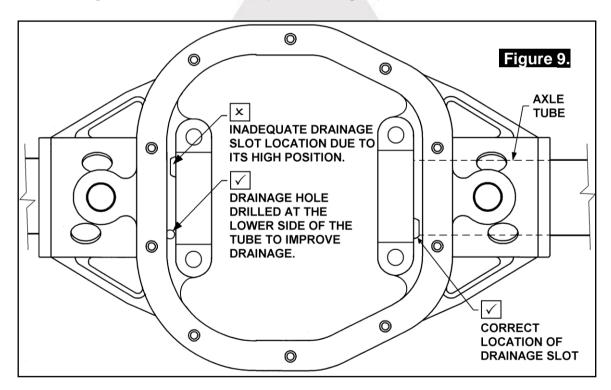


4.1 B Insuring Adequate Oil Drainage

IMPORTANT:

Some Salisbury axles were manufactured with poor oil drainage between the axle tubes and the differential housing. This can often result in one of the axle tubes filling up with differential oil while running. In most cases this will result in a blocked air vent which will cause the differential housing to pressurize and expel oil from the axle seals at the wheels or force oil into the air system of the *Air Locker*, eventually expelling oil at the solenoid valve. This is a design flaw which was corrected by most automakers in the later releases of their axle assemblies. If no lower drainage point is present in the differential housing then it is critical that you modify the housing to include one.

Inspect the differential housing for the presence of adequate drainage in both axle tubes (refer to Fig.9.).



If drainage exists but is inadequate then a slot or hole should be cut into the housing on the lower side of the tube(s) to allow oil out of the axle tube area.

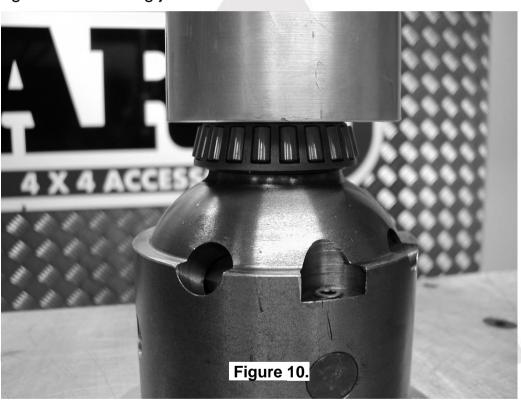


NOTE: Make sure any grinding dust, filings or drill chips left behind by cutting the drainage slots is completely cleaned out of the housing.

☐ Check that the axle air vents are clear and working correctly.

4.2 Installing the Carrier Bearings

- Apply a thin film of high pressure grease to both bearing journals of the *Air Locker* to prevent seizing.
- ☐ Using a bearing press or arbor press, press one of the bearing cones (supplied with the *Air Locker* kit) onto one bearing journal of the *Air Locker* (refer to Figure 10.) until the bearing seats firmly against the bearing journal shoulder.



Invert the *Air Locker* and press the other tapered roller bearing cone onto the opposite bearing journal of the differential carrier until the bearing seats firmly against the bearing journal shoulder.

NOTE:

Do not add any shims between the bearings and the bearing seat. Shimming of the *Air Locker* will be performed with the supplied shim kits and/or the original master shims (if any) on the outside of the carrier bearings.



4.3 Mounting the Ring Gear
 Apply a thin film of high pressure grease to the ring gear shoulder of the <i>Air Locker</i> to prevent seizing. Thoroughly clean any thread locking compound or other foreign matter from the holes of the ring gear, the threads of the ring gear bolts, and the mating surfaces between the ring gear and the <i>Air Locker</i> flange.
HINT: Stoning the ring gear mounting face before installation will remove any high spots around the threads.
☐ Heat the ring gear to between 80 and 100°C [175 - 212°F] in hot water or in an oven to slightly expand the gear and facilitate assembly.
NOTE: NEVER HEAT GEARS WITH A FLAME! This could damage the hardened surface of the gear and result in premature wear or failure.
 Dry the gear and bolt holes with compressed air (if wet). Install the ring gear onto the <i>Air Locker</i> by aligning the bolt holes and then gently tapping it around in a circle with a soft mallet. Avoid using the bolts to pull down the ring gear as this puts excess strain on the bolts and the differential flange.
Apply a thread locking compound to the thread of each ring gear bolt before inserting it. Do not apply threading compound directly into the threaded hole as this could prevent the bolt from reaching its full depth.
☐ Tighten the ring gear bolts in a star pattern with a torque wrench according to your vehicle manufacturer's specified torque.



4.4 Drilling and Tapping the Bulkhead Port

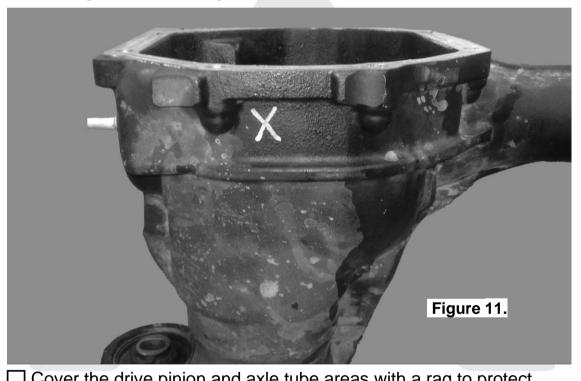
An airline port must be drilled and tapped through the differential housing to mount the bulkhead fitting into.

NOTE:

Higher ratio gearing uses deeper (thicker) ring gears with teeth that extend much further. Make sure the intended hole location is far enough away from the ring gear teeth that the air line will not be at risk of contact with the current or future ring gears.

4.4.1 A Port Location on the IFS Housing

Mark a spot on the top of the outside shell of the differential housing as shown in Figure 11.

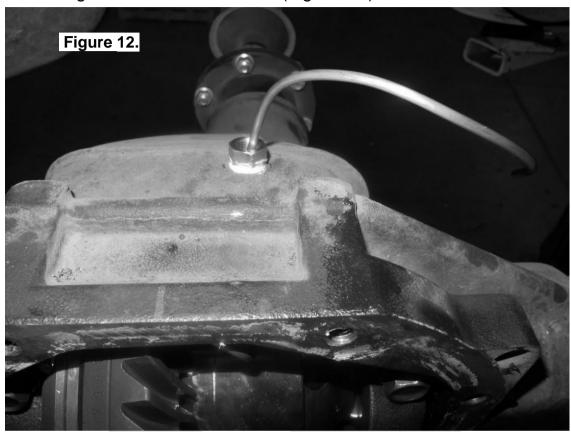


_	rom metal filings.
_	rough the housing square to the outside surface using a m [7/16"] drill.
☐ Tap th	e hole from the outside using a ¼" NPT pipe tap.
_	ve any sharp edges from the hole that may chip-off and fall e housing.
	ully remove the rags and inspect with a service light inside the ng to insure no metal filings are left behind.



4.4.2 B Port Location on the Live Axle Housing

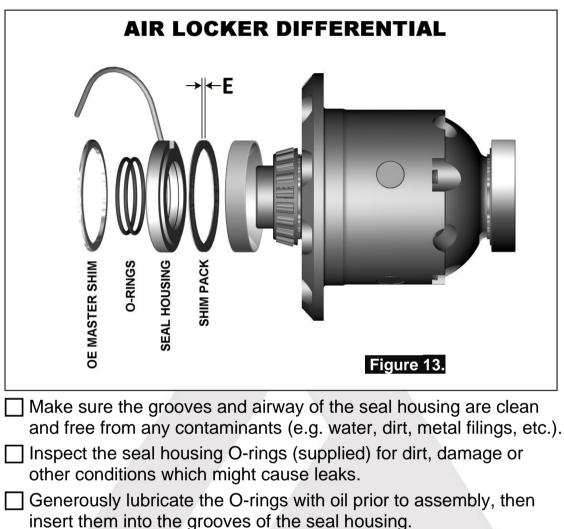
Mark a spot on the top of the outside shell of the differential housing that will be clear of the ring gear position once the seal housing tube has been installed (Figure 12.).



	Cover the drive pinion and axle tube areas with a rag to protect them from metal filings.
	Drill through the housing square to the outside surface using a 11.2mm [7/16"] drill.
	Tap the hole from the outside using a ¼" NPT pipe tap.
_	Remove any sharp edges from the hole that may chip-off and fall into the housing.
	Carefully remove the rags and inspect with a service light inside the housing to insure no metal filings are left behind.



4.5 Assembling the Seal Housing



NOTE: When assembling the O-rings, be careful not to leave them twisted when seated in the grooves as this could cause excessive wear and leakage.

- Lubricate the seal housing running surface on the *Air Locker* carrier with oil. Assemble the bearing cup onto the left-hand side of the *Air Locker*.
- With the stepped side towards the bearing, carefully install the seal housing by sliding it all of the way onto the bearing journal with a gentle twisting motion. This will allow the O-rings to engage gently.

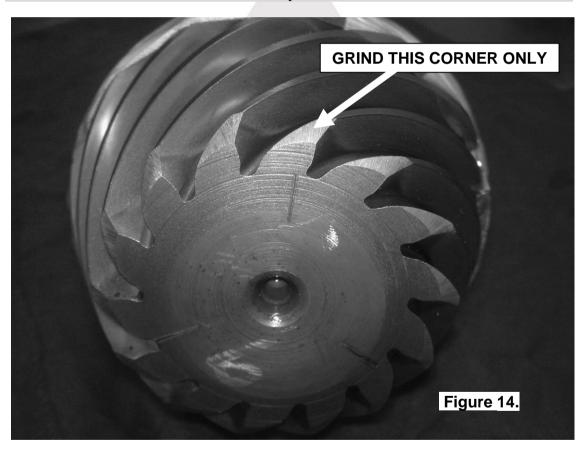


4.6 Pre-Load Shimming

In order to pre-load the tapered roller bearings in your *Air Locker*, measurements need to be taken so that a value can be calculated for the shim thickness **'E'** in Figure 13.

IMPORTANT:

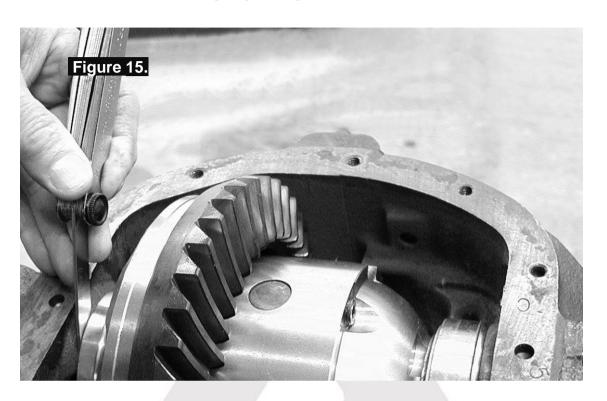
When installing the Air Locker into the housing, it is critical to check for clearance between the Air Locker case and the pinion gear. The pinion head is very large and runs very close to the Air Locker. Any less than 1mm of clearance should be considered inadequate, and the pinion will have to be removed from the housing and the corners ground to create adequate clearance (See Figure 14.). Modifying the pinion gear in this way does not weaken the pinion at all.



_	While holding the right-hand bearing cup in place, insert and hold the <i>Air Locker</i> into the differential housing.
	Insert the shim pack determined earlier as ' D' between the bearing cup (right-hand side) and the differential housing.
	Insert the original factory shims in their original positions on both sides.



☐ Push (or lightly pry) the *Air Locker* hard across to the right-hand side, and measure the maximum gap (also called the 'end float') between the left-hand factory shim and the differential housing with an automotive feeler gauge. (Fig.15.)



Consult your vehicle manufacturer's service manual to determine
the carrier bearing pre-load amount specified for your vehicle.
Add the specified pre-load amount to the measurement taken with
the feeler gauge to determine a shim amount for 'E' in Figure 13.

PRE-LOAD + END FLOAT = SHIM PACK

Create a shim pa	ack 'E' from the	shims supp	lied with your .	Air
Locker.				

NOTE: Do not add shims between the bearing cone and the bearing seat of the *Air Locker* and <u>NEVER</u> machine the *Air Locker*.

	Remove the factory shim from the left-hand side.
☐ Ir	nstall the shim pack 'E' between the seal housing and the bearing
а	s shown in Figure 13.
Пs	Spread the differential housing again (Refer to Section 2.6).





NOTE: If the *Air Locker* is too tight to fully install then the spreader tension may need to be increased. <u>Do not spread the housing more than 0.50mm [0.020"].</u>

NOTE: Use the ARB Shim Driver #0770004 to install the supplied *Air Locker* shims.

Rotate the seal housing until the tube is pointing straight out of the housing.
Release all spreader tension.
☐ Check that some backlash can be felt between the ring and pinion
gears. No backlash would be an early indication of incorrect shim
thickness.

4.7 Modifying the Bearing Cap

To install the seal housing side bearing cap a hole must be drilled, or a file notched to clear the seal housing tube.

4.7.1 A Drilling the Bearing Cap

A 6.35mm [1/4"] hole must be drilled in the seal housing bearing cap for the seal housing tube to pass through.



NOTE: Take time and double check when drilling, as bearing caps are custom fitted to the axle housing and cannot be replaced



☐ Measure the distance from the edge of the bearing cap to the seal housing tube and mark this spot (it should be approximately 8mm).
Hold the bearing cap steady for drilling in a soft jawed vice clamp.
NOTE : Do not apply too much clamping pressure with the vice. The bearing cap may be damaged.
Using a pedestal drill, drill a 6.35mm [¼"] hole through the bearing cap, in the position you have marked. (Fig.16.)
Debur both ends of the drilled hole to remove any sharp edges.

4.7.2 B Notching the Bearing Cap

A notch must be ground or filed in the seal housing bearing cap for the seal housing tube to pass through (Fig. 17.).



NOTE: Take time and double check when modifying the bearing cap, as they are custom fitted to the axle housing and cannot be replaced if damaged.

File a chamfer around the inside edge of the notch to remove any sharp edges from the notch that may chip-off and fall into the housing.

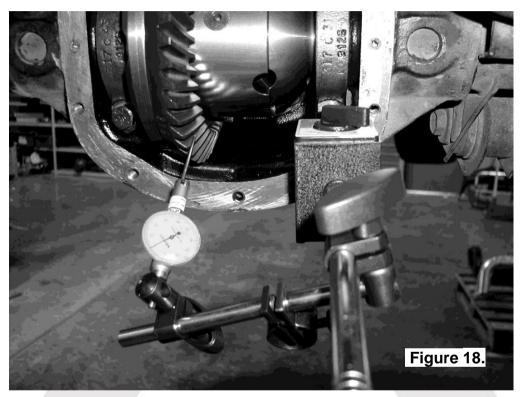


4.8 Reinstalling the Bearing Caps Install the bearing caps oriented as they were marked before they were removed, and tighten the bearing cap bolts. It is not necessary to torque them down at this time. Check that some clearance exists between the bearing cap and the seal housing tube. If not, the bearing cap should be removed and the tube re-bent for adequate clearance. Tighten all bearing cap bolts with a torque wrench to the torque specified in your vehicle manufacturer's service manual.



4.9 Checking the Backlash

- Set a depth indicator on one of the ring gear teeth as in Figure 18.
- While supporting the pinion gear by holding the drive shaft, rotate the differential in both directions while observing the maximum variation in depth from the indicator (i.e., the highest value minus the lowest value). This value is referred to as the ring and pinion backlash.
- ☐ Rotate the differential center 90° and measure again for accuracy.



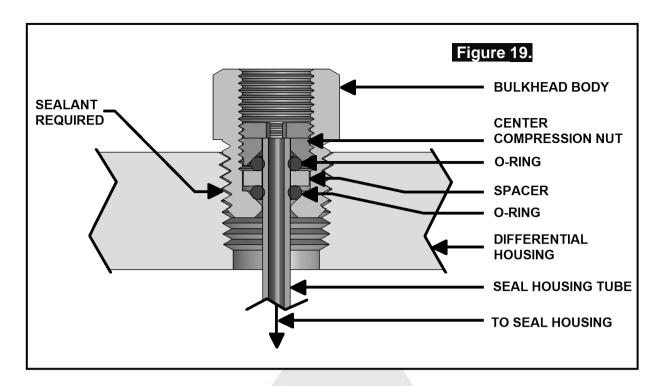
Refer to your vehicle service manual for the specified maximum and minimum amounts of backlash. If the backlash is not within the specifications then the differential will have to be removed and reshimmed.



4.9.1 Re-Shimming the Backlash NOTE: This step is only necessary when adjusting for incorrect backlash. Remove the bearing caps. Remove the differential as before. To decrease the amount of backlash, reduce the shim thickness 'D' (Fig.8.) and increase the shim thickness 'E' (Fig.13.) by the same amount. Reverse this step to increase the backlash. Remount the differential as before. Release spreader tension (if applicable). Check backlash again as before. **Setting Up the Bulkhead Fitting** 4.10 Apply thread sealant to the outside threads of the bulkhead body. ☐ Screw the bulkhead body into the tapped hole, and lightly tighten using a 14mm [9/16"] spanner. Wipe the area clean of any excess thread sealant (inside and outside of the housing). Insert the free end of the seal housing tube into the bulkhead fitting until it protrudes approximately 8mm [5/16"] through the other side. From the outside of the housing, assemble one of the small O-rings over the top of the short length of seal housing tube protruding through the bulkhead fitting. Install the brass spacer. Install the second small O-ring after the spacer. While holding the seal housing tube into the bulkhead fitting, insert the chamfered end of the center compression nut over the extended tube as shown in the assembly diagram (Fig. 19.), and screw it into the bulkhead body, and tighten using Pozidriv #3



screwdriver.



NOTE: Make sure the seal housing tube is all of the way into the center compression nut while you are tightening it.

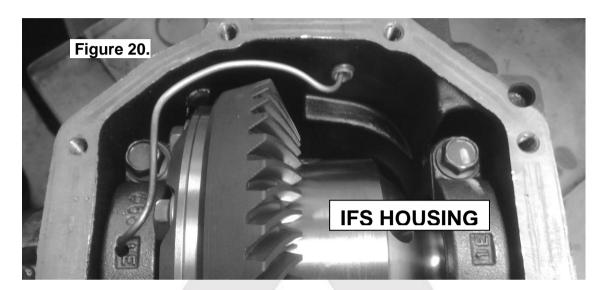
NOTE: Firmly tighten the center compression nut so that a good seal is formed around the tube.

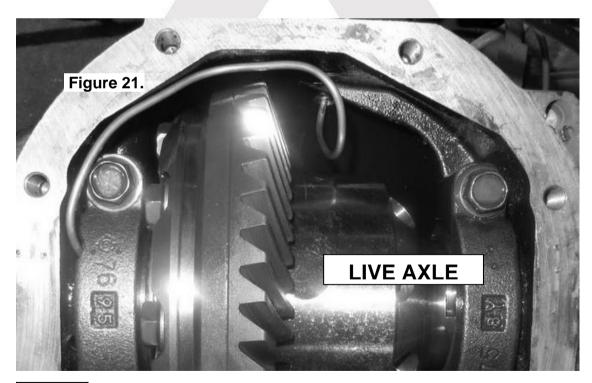
Again check that no part of the seal housing tube comes in contact with the moving differential components. Less than 8mm [5/16"] should be considered too little clearance. Gently bend the tube away from moving parts if necessary.



4.11 Profiling the Seal Housing Tube

- Completely remove the differential spreader.
- Without using sharp, jagged tools such as pliers (usually your hands are the best tool for this job), gently bend the seal housing tube so that it runs along the inside of the differential housing (as shown in A Figure 20., and B Figure 21.)





NOTE:

It is also a good idea to keep the tube away from the bearing caps or any other part of the differential casting as any contact due to vibration or shock may wear the tube and eventually cause a leak.



4.12 Bench Testing the Air Locker

To test the Air Locker, when 620kPa [90 PSI] shop air is applied to
the seal housing tube, the Air Locker should engage.
Check all fittings and the seal housing for air leaks.
Rotate the differential carrier by turning the pinion flange whilst
applying air pressure.

NOTE: An accurate way to test for air leaks is to fit a shut-off valve to an air pressure gauge (ARB part # 0770005). Once 620 KPA [90 PSI] is reached close the valve, disconnect the air hose, and watch to see if there is any drop in pressure. If so, this will indicate an air leak. (Fig.22.)



☐ If a leak is found to be present, spray a soap and wa	ter mixture
onto the bulkhead air fitting. Bubbles should appear	at any leak
points.	

NOTE : Do not spray this soapy mixture inside the differential.

Disassemble, clean threads, and reapply thread sealant if leaking persists.

If a leak is found at the seal housing, carefully remove the seal housing assembly and examine the O-rings. Be very careful with the O-rings and check for defects, damage, wear, or presence of foreign material in the O-ring grooves. Replace if necessary.

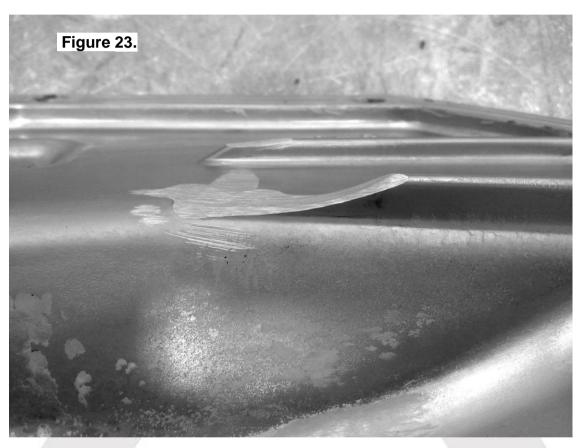


4.13 A Modifying the IFS Assembly

In order to ensure correct assembly, the Diff Cover and Stub Axle will have to be modified.

4.13.1 A Grinding the Diff Cover

Grind the rib of the diff cover as shown (Figure 23.) until it clears the *Air Locker*. Be careful not to grind too much off and weaken the cover.



Replace the differential cover using gasket sealant or a new standard differential cover gasket for your make of vehicle.

4.13.2 A Shortening the Stub Axle

In order to ensure that the outer ball bearing on the right hand side axle (long axle tube) has seated correctly, approximately 1mm will have to be ground off the end of the shaft so that it doesn't hit on the cross shaft.

Mark the end of the axle as shown (Figure 24.).







- Grind or machine the end of the axle until you have created enough clearance for the bearing to seat and the circlip to engage properly (Figure 26.). It may be necessary to trial fit the stub axle several times to get this correct.
- Once the required amount has been removed, clean the shaft, place it into the housing and install the circlip (Figure 26.).
- Install the new oil seal.





6 Mounting & Connecting the Electrical System

5.1 Mounting the Solenoid

5.1.1 Connection to an ARB Air Compressor (Fig.27.)

Remove one of the 1/8" BSP plugs from its port in the compressor

tank.

Apply Teflon paste to the 1/8" BSP nipple on the solenoid and insert it into the port and tighten. The solenoid should be rotated into a position which does not obstruct any other ports on the

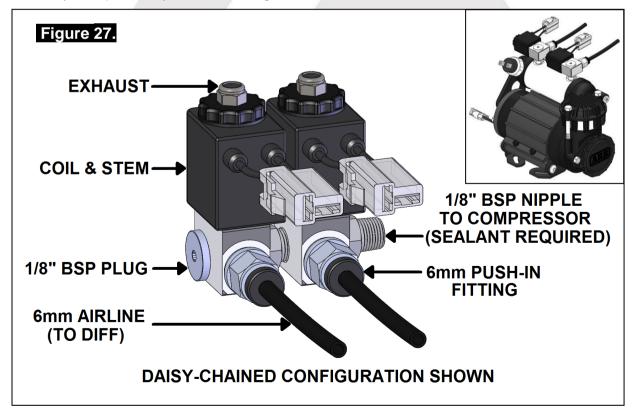
compressor tank.

NOTE: The coil and stem of the solenoid can be removed to make installation easier.

NOTE: The solenoid is marked with two #1 ports. If space is tight, a second solenoid can be "daisy-chained" off the first one by removing the plug from the redundant #1 port and screwing the nipple from the second solenoid into it (Fig. 27.).

NOTE: The solenoid exhausts compressed air through the center of the black retaining cap when the *Air Locker* is disengaged. Make sure this orifice cannot be obstructed.

Assemble the 6mm push-in fitting into the solenoid outlet port (stamped "2") and hand tighten.





5.1.2 Connection to an Alternate Air Source

For ease of installation, quality of air supply, and a high level of dependability from your *Air Locker(s)*, ARB strongly recommends use of a genuine ARB Air Compressor, however, the *Air Locker* air system can be operated on any alternate air source that meets each of the following guidelines:

☐ The Air source should have a tank capacity that enables it to actuate the <i>Air Locker</i> (s) in one charge so that no hesitation is experienced when locking one or two differentials.
HINT: A good way to insure that you have the necessary capacity is to make sure you can engage, disengage, and then reengage your <i>Air Locker</i> (s) without the air source having to regenerate (e.g., without the compressor turning on to refill the tank).
Must supply clean air, free of rust, dirt, water, or other foreign matter.
☐ Must match the 1/8" BSP porting of the <i>Air Locker</i> solenoid.
Mount solenoid within close proximity of the air supply and secure if from the effects of vibration and shock.
Connect the air supply to the 1/8" BSP inlet port of the solenoid (stamped "1" on the solenoid body) using thread sealant.

IMPORTANT:

ARB cannot warrant your *Air Locker*(s) against damage caused as a result of using an alternate air supply. If you have any doubts as to the suitability of your air system to use in an *Air Locker* system, consult your ARB distributor.



5.2 Running and Securing the Air Line

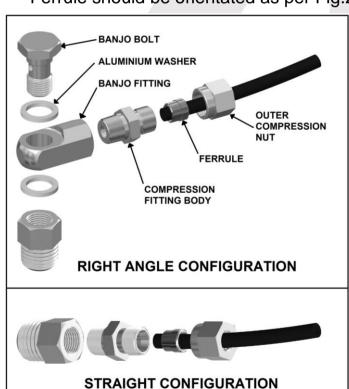
The path taken by the air line from your air source (i.e., compressor) to your Air Locker is unique to your vehicle and the position of your air source. Plan ahead carefully when running the air line and always follow these guidelines: Account for axle travel when running the line from the axle to a fixed point on the vehicle. Leave enough slack in the air line to allow for maximum suspension travel in both directions. (Not necessary on IFS installations) Avoid leaving large lengths of air line hanging underneath the vehicle where they may get tangled on rocks, sticks, etc. HINT: Cable tying the air line to one of your flexible brake lines will account for axle travel and should help keep your line from getting snagged. Run the air line all the way from the compressor to the differential before trimming either end of the line to length. This will save complications that may arise if the air line has to be removed. Make sure the line does not contact sharp edges or abrasive surfaces that may damage the air line over time. Do not run the air line around tight bends which may kink the air line and restrict or block the air flow. components. Air lines will melt if subjected to extreme heat. Do not run more air line than necessary. Excess line volume created when coiling the left over hose, using unusually large diameter hose, etc., will increase drain on the compressor tank resulting in the compressor running more often than needed. Support the air line by tying it back with cable ties wherever possible. At the solenoid end of the air line, always trim the line to length with a sharp knife to avoid distorting the tube where it plugs into the push-in fitting. NOTE: To remove the air line from the push-in fitting; push the air line into the fitting as far as possible, then press the flange inward, then pull the air line free of the fitting.



☐ To attach the air line to the push-in fitting of the solenoid; insert the line firmly into the fitting, pull outward on the flange of the fitting while holding the line as far into the fitting as possible, and then gently pull outward on the air line to clamp the line in place.

5.3 Connection to the Bulkhead Fitting

- In the case of an IFS axle assembly or in the case that the axle assembly has been completely removed from the vehicle, the assembly will have to be remounted as per your vehicle service manual in order to position the bulkhead fitting in its correct location for air line access.
- Trim the air line to length using a sharp knife.
- Assemble an aluminium washer onto the banjo bolt and insert through the banjo fitting. Assemble second aluminium washer and tighten into bulkhead fitting using a 14mm [9/16"] spanner. (Fig.28.)
- Apply thread sealant to the tapered thread of the compression fitting body and screw into the banjo fitting. Tighten using a 12mm spanner.
- Insert the outer compression nut and ferrule over the air line. Ferrule should be orientated as per Fig.28.







6 Mou	nting & Connecting the Electrical System
outer nu	e airline into the compression fitting body and screw the it down onto it. Using a 12mm spanner, tighten the outer nut compression fitting body.
NOTE:	Some force is required to crush the ferrule, however the outer compression nut will tighten against a stop. Over tightening will not create a better seal.
☐ Secure	any loose sections of tube with a cable tie.
NOTE:	When right angle routing of the tube is not required, screw the compression fitting body straight into the bulkhead fitting body (Fig.28.).



6.1 Mounting the Actuator Switch(es)

Air Locker actuator switch(es) can be easily panel mounted inside the vehicle in a 21mm x 36.5mm [0.83" x 1.44"] rectangular cutout.

NOTE: Only attach the cover plate to the face of the switch once the switch has been mounted and wired correctly as the cover plates are designed to be difficult to remove.

For reasons of safety and for ease of operation, the *Air Locker* actuator switch(es) should be mounted in a location picked to best suit the operator. Make sure you have taken the following points into consideration:

NOTE: If no adequate position can be found on existing	
location.	
ARB recommends that you apply the <i>Air Locker</i> Warning Sticker (ARB part # 210101) within close visual proximity of the switch	
water (e.g., in the lower section of an inner door panel).	
Switch(es) should not be mounted where they will be exposed to	
Switch cutout position(s) must be located in an area with a minimum of 50mm [2"] of clearance behind the face of the cutout.	
The position of the switch(es) should best eliminate any possibility of accidental operation by the driver or one of the passengers.	y
Switch(es) should be mounted within the line of sight of the driver so that switch position ('ON' or 'OFF') can be visually determined by the rocker position and the illumination state.	
Switch(es) should be within easy reach of the driver. Ideally, any <i>Air Locker</i> switch should be able to be operated without physical effort or distraction to the driver.	
Switch(es) MUST be mounted and should never be allowed to simply dangle from the wiring loom during vehicle use.	

If no adequate position can be found on existing dashboard panels, a surface mounted bracket (Fig. 29.) may be purchased from your ARB *Air Locker* distributor to suit 1, 2, or 3 switches.





6.2 Wiring the Actuator System

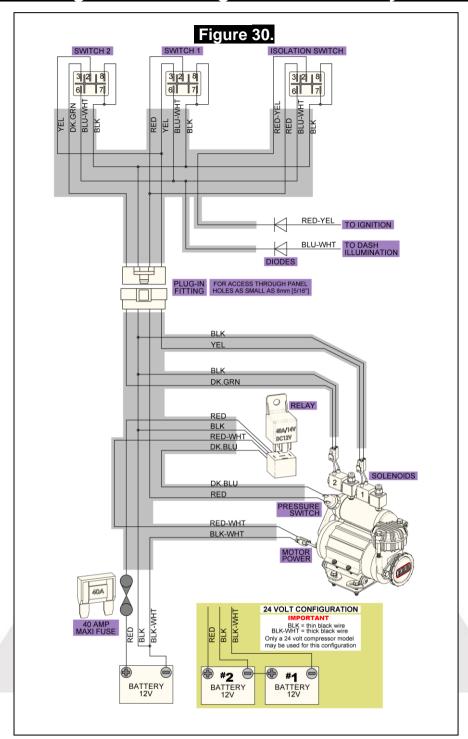
6.2.1 Connection to an ARB Air Compressor

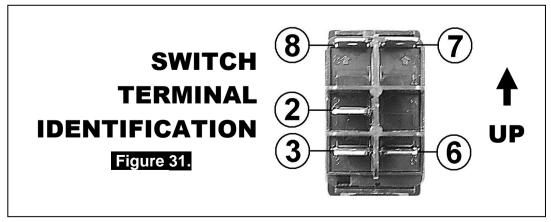
When wiring the *Air Locker* actuator switch(es) and solenoid(s) to an ARB Air Compressor, all connections can easily be set up directly from the supplied wiring loom. (Fig. 30.)

NOTE:

180409 model loom shown for reference only. Refer to your ARB Air Compressor Installation Guide for details on configuring your installation.









6.2.2 Connection to an Alternate Air Source

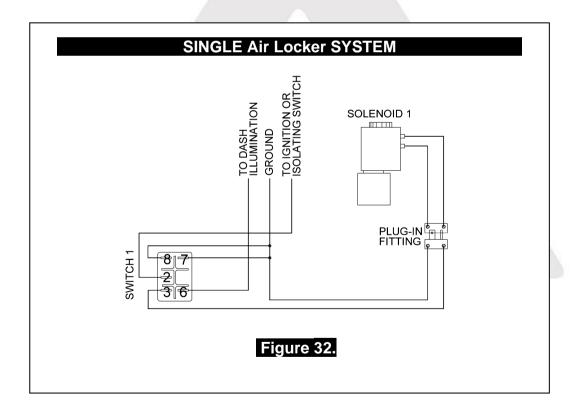
When connecting the actuation switch to an alternate air source, the switch(es) should be wired according to figures 32. and 33., depending on whether one or two *Air Lockers* will be installed in the vehicle.

6.2.2.1 Single Air Locker System

☐ If only one Air Locker is to be installed in the system, the switch and solenoid should be wired according to figure 32. regardless of whether the Air Locker has been installed in the front or rear axle of the vehicle.

Attach the appropriate switch cover (i.e., 'FRONT' or 'REAR') to the switch.

NOTE: Refer to Figure 31. for the correct switch terminal identification and switch orientation.



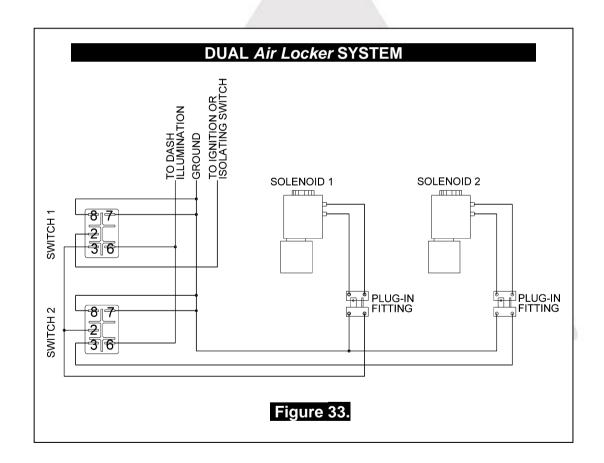


6.2.2.2 Dual Air Locker System

☐ If two Air Lockers are to be installed in the system, ARB
recommends that the switches and solenoids be wired according to
figure 33. For safety reasons, this configuration allows SOLENOID
2 to be actuated only if SOLENOID 1 is already on.
☐ Attach the "REAR AIR LOCKER" switch cover to SWITCH 1, and
the "FRONT AIR LOCKER" switch cover to SWITCH 2.

NOTE: Refer to Figure 31. for the correct switch terminal identification and switch orientation.

Configure SOLENOID 1 as the air line leading to the rear axle *Air Locker*, and SOLENOID 2 as the air line leading to the front axle *Air Locker*.





7 Testing & Final Assembly

7.1 Leak	x Testing
_	vehicle parked and the engine off, turn the compressor on until the air system is fully charged.
NOTE:	With the Air Locker(s) disengaged, the air source (i.e., compressor) should not have to recharge over time. Intermittent recharging without Air Locker use usually indicates a leak at the solenoid fittings or at the compressor tank O-ring seal.
Actuate	the <i>Air Locker</i> (s).
15min. <i>A</i>	pressor should not come on again for a period of at least air system recharging within that time period would indicate ak is present in the system.
NOTE:	If an alternate air source (e.g., an air cylinder or a belt driven air pump) is used instead of a compressor, the air system will have to be leak tested with a pressure gauge and a shut-off valve in series before the solenoid input.
onto all a	is found to be present, spray a soap and water mixture air fittings in the system while the compressor is fully . Bubbles should appear at any leak points.
☐ Check th	nat leaky fittings have been adequately tightened.
Disasser persists.	mble, clean threads, and reapply thread sealant if leaking
7.2 Rein	stalling the Axles
	oth axles fully into the housing and gently tap them inward.
NOTE:	Be careful not to damage the axle oil seals with the spline of the axle.
Reconne	ect the drive shaft to the differential drive flange.
(e.g., hu	nble the remainder of the differential assembly bs, brakes, wheels, etc.) to the vehicle according to your service manual.



7 Testing & Final Assembly

7.3 **Testing the Air Locker Actuation** To test that your air system, electrical system, and your *Air Locker* differential is functioning correctly: Support the vehicle such that the wheels are free to rotate (e.g., on axle stands, a chassis hoist, etc.) Leave the parking brake off, the transmission in neutral, and the *Air* Locker switch 'OFF'. Turn the ignition to the 'ON' position (leaving the motor off). The large illuminating symbol on the Air Locker switch cover should be 'OFF'. Turn the compressor (or alternate air source) on to charge the air supply up to its maximum pressure. While supporting the drive shaft flange, rotate one wheel by hand. The wheel should rotate freely and the opposite wheel should be turning in the opposite direction without any resistance or mechanical noise from within the differential. Turn the Air Locker switch to the 'ON' position. The illuminated symbol on the switch cover should light up. Rotate the same wheel again. Both wheels should rotate together. Turn the switch off again. Rotate the same wheel. The wheels should again rotate in opposite directions. Re-Sealing & Filling the Differential 7.4 NOTE: Consult the ARB Air Locker Operating & Service Manual for recommendations on differential lubricant specifications. Replace the differential cover using gasket sealant or a new standard differential cover gasket for your make of vehicle. Refill the differential until level with the filler hole. Rotate the differential center 2 full turns. Check the oil level and add oil if necessary. Replace filler plug (apply thread sealant to filler plug before inserting if it is a threaded type plug). Wipe differential housing clean of any oil or grease which may collect dirt or other abrasive particles.



7 Testing & Final Assembly

7.5 Post-Installation Check List

Now that the Air Locker installation has been completed, ARB recommends that you take the time to complete the following check list just to insure that you haven't missed any of the vital steps. The air system has been leak tested. Thread locking compound was used on the ring gear bolts. All torque settings comply with the vehicle manufacturer's specs and were set with an accurate torque wrench. ☐ Differential fluid complies with ARB recommendations and has been filled to the correct level. All air lines and wiring have been securely cable tied to resist snagging. Switch(es) have been securely mounted within operator reach, yet well away from danger of accidental engagement. Switch(es) function properly and illuminate to indicate that *Air* Locker(s) are engaged. All operators who are to use the *Air Locker* have read, and fully understand the ARB Air Locker Operating & Service Manual. The Air Locker Warning Sticker has been located within close proximity of the actuator switch(es). **INSTALLATION PERFORMED BY:** DATE OF INSTALLATION: **ODOMETER READING:**



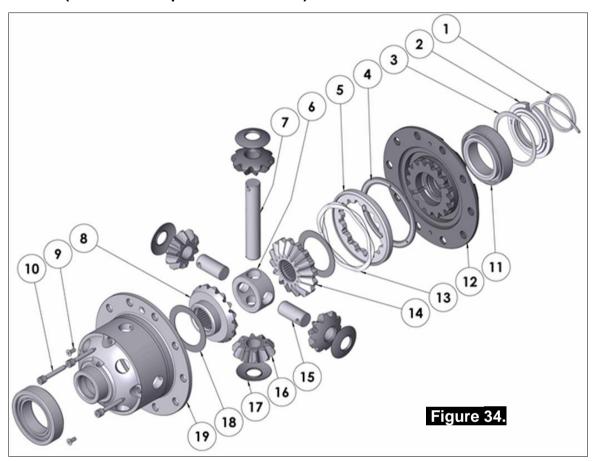
ARB AIR LOCKER SERIAL No:

RD196

Nissan C200K, 31 SPL

Exploded Assembly Diagram 8.1

(See itemized parts list overleaf)



8.2 Specifications

Axle Spline 31 tooth, Ø32mm [1.26"]

Ratio Supported All

Ring Gear ID 128.0mm [5.03"]

Ring Gear OD 200mm [7.87"]

Ring Gear Bolts 10 bolts on Ø150mm [5.90"]

Ring Gear Torque 149 Nm [110 ft-lb]

Backlash 0.10-0.15mm [0.004-0.006"]

Bearing Cap Torque 94 Nm [70 ft-lb]



8 Parts List

8.3 Itemized Parts List

(See exploded diagram figure 34.)

1			PART #	NOTES
	1	SEAL HOUSING O-RING (PK OF 2)	160235-2	1
2	1	SEAL HOUSING KIT	081818SP	
3	2	SHIM KIT	SHK009	
4	1	BONDED SEAL	160702SP	
5	1	CLUTCH GEAR & WAVESPRING KIT	050906SP	
6	1	SPIDER BLOCK	070201SP	
7	1	LONG CROSS SHAFT	060204SP	
8	1	SIDE GEAR	SEE NOTE	2
9	1	COUNTERSUNK SCREW (PK OF 2)	200213SP	
10	1	RETAINING PIN SET (PK OF 4)	120601SP	
11	2	TAPERED ROLLER BEARING	NOT SUPPLIED	
12	1	FLANGE CAP KIT	027331SP	
13	1	WAVESPRING	150706SP	
14	1	SPLINED SIDE GEAR	SEE NOTE	2
15	2	SHORT CROSS SHAFT	060403SP	
16	4	PINION GEAR	SEE NOTE	2
17	4	PINION THRUST WASHER	SEE NOTE	3
18	2	SIDE GEAR THRUST WASHER	SEE NOTE	3
19	1	DIFFERENTIAL CASE	013031SP	
*	1	BULKHEAD FITTING KIT (BANJO TYPE)	170114	4
*	1	AIR LINE (6mm DIA X 6m LONG)	170314SP	4
*	1	SOLENOID VALVE (12V)	180103	
*	1	SWITCH FR OR RR LOCKER	180225	
*	1	CABLE TIE (PK OF 25)	180305	
*	1	OPERATING & SERVICE MANUAL	210200	
*	1	INSTALLATION GUIDE	2102196	

NOTES

- 1 For replacement O-rings use only BS133 Viton 75.
- 2 Available only as complete 6 gear set # 728H151
- 3 Available only as complete thrust washer kit #730H01
- 4 All diffs produced before serial #17070001 came with 5mm air connection system. For information contact ARB.
- Refer to pinion modification tech note (Sec. 5.6).



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^{*} Not illustrated in exploded view